



Trans-SEC

Innovating pro-poor Strategies to safeguard Food Security using Technology and Knowledge Transfer

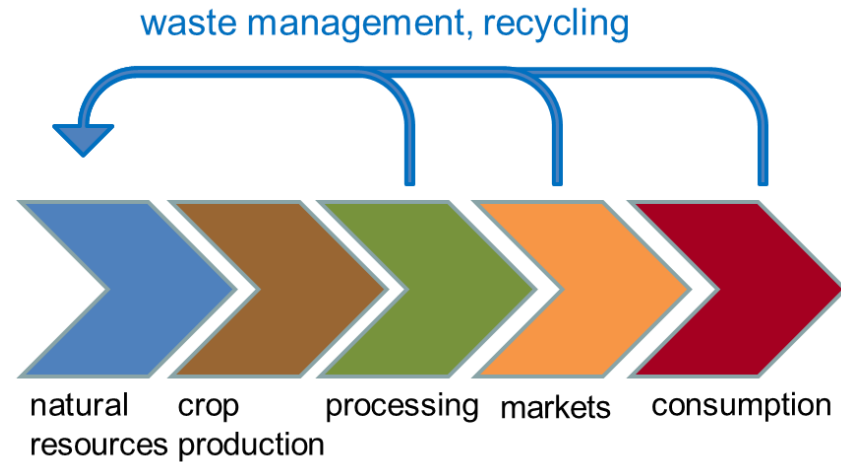
Scientific status and achievements

Frieder Graef (ZALF)

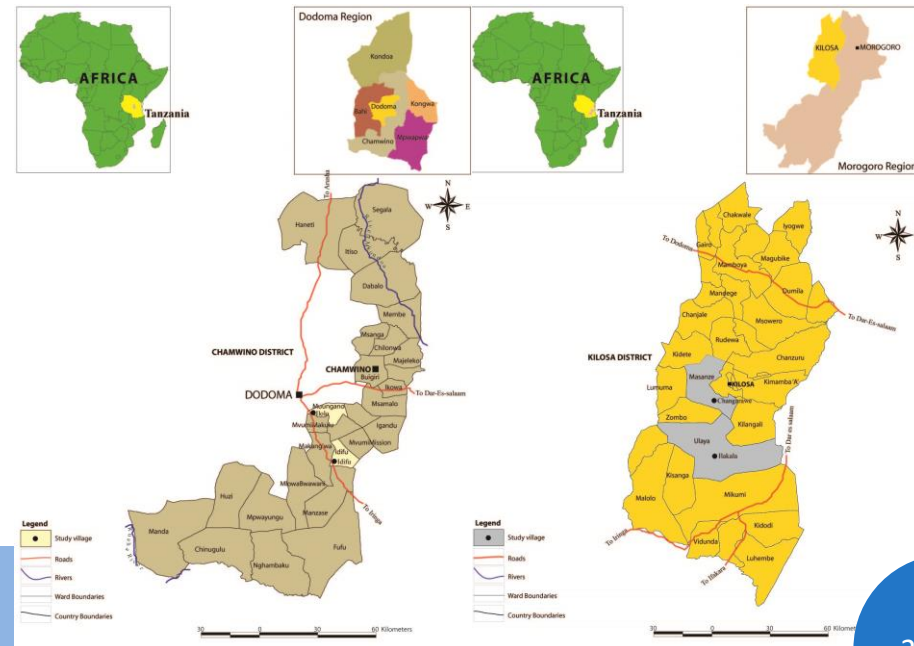
Trans-SEC at a glance



- Various research activities across smallholders' Food Value Chains (FVC).



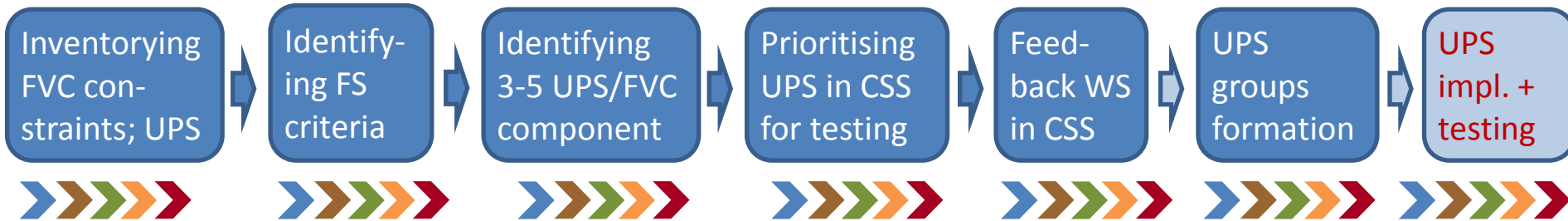
- Two regions and 4 case study sites represent a wide gradient between climate and socio-economic conditions.



Trans-SEC at a glance

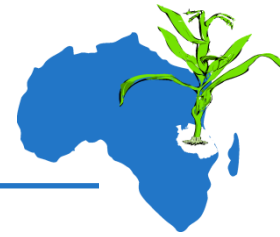


- Stakeholder participation for demand driven approach, Dissemination, and capacity building.



- Scenario and modeling framework, which allows assessing macro-/regional conditions, risk analysis and proofing for future conditions.

Research framework of Trans-SEC



Out- and up-scaling

- Local, regional, national Policies
- Farmer field groups & schools

Modelling

- Scenario framework
- Future simulation
- Climate proofing

Participatory testing of UPS

- Implementation
- Monitoring
- Evaluation

UPS impact assessments

- Household survey 900 HH in 4 CSS, 2 control villages
- ScalA-FS
- FoPIA

UPS selection

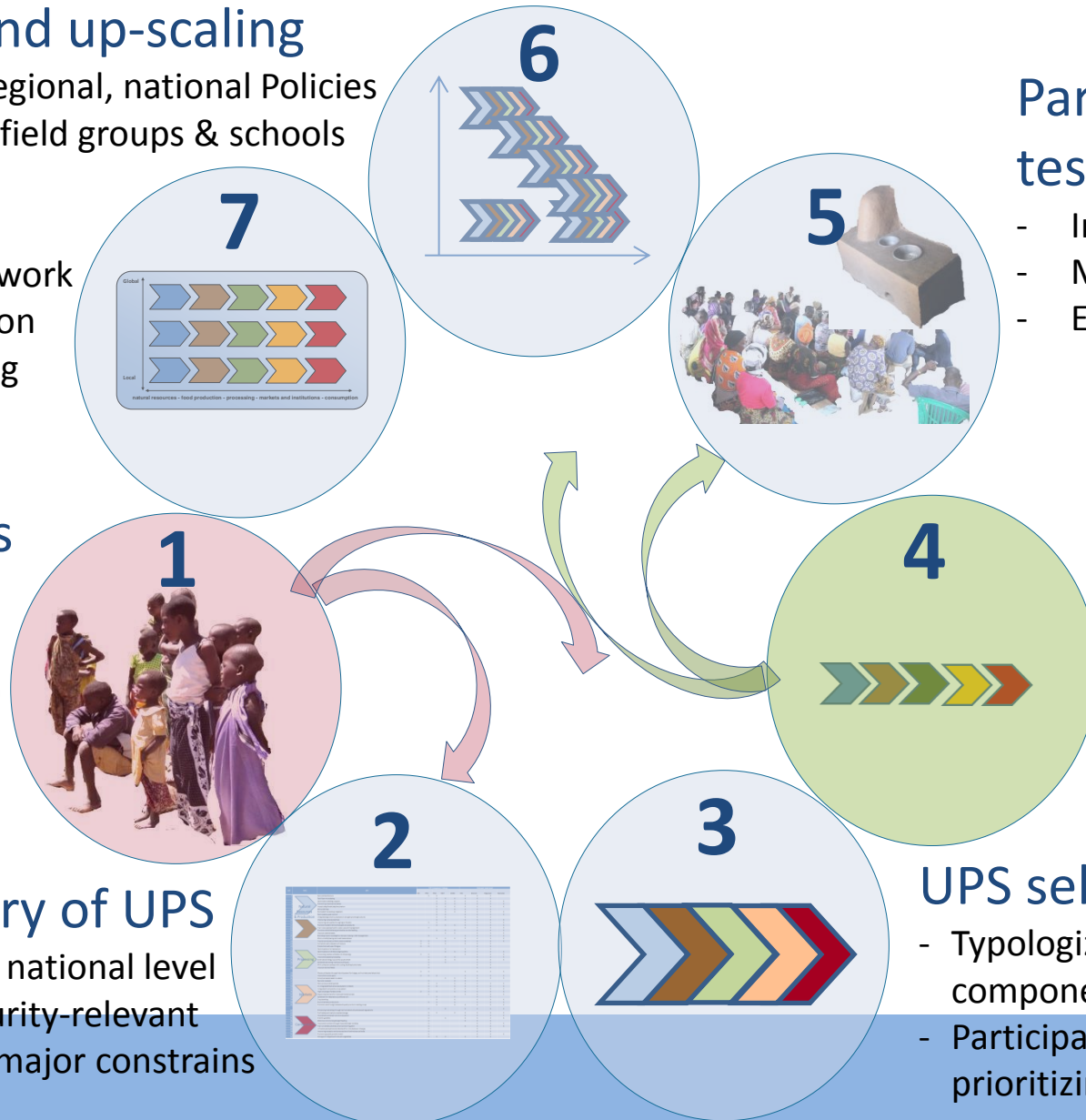
- Typologizing the FVC and their components in the CSS
- Participatory selection & UPS prioritizing

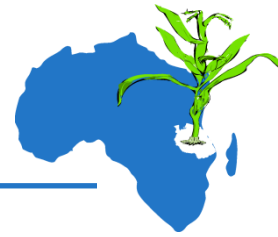
Stakeholders along FVC

- Mixed groups
- Local ownership
- Mapping
- Pro-poor

Inventory of UPS

- 52 ups at national level
- food security-relevant
- Defining major constraints





1 “Primary users” at grassroot level

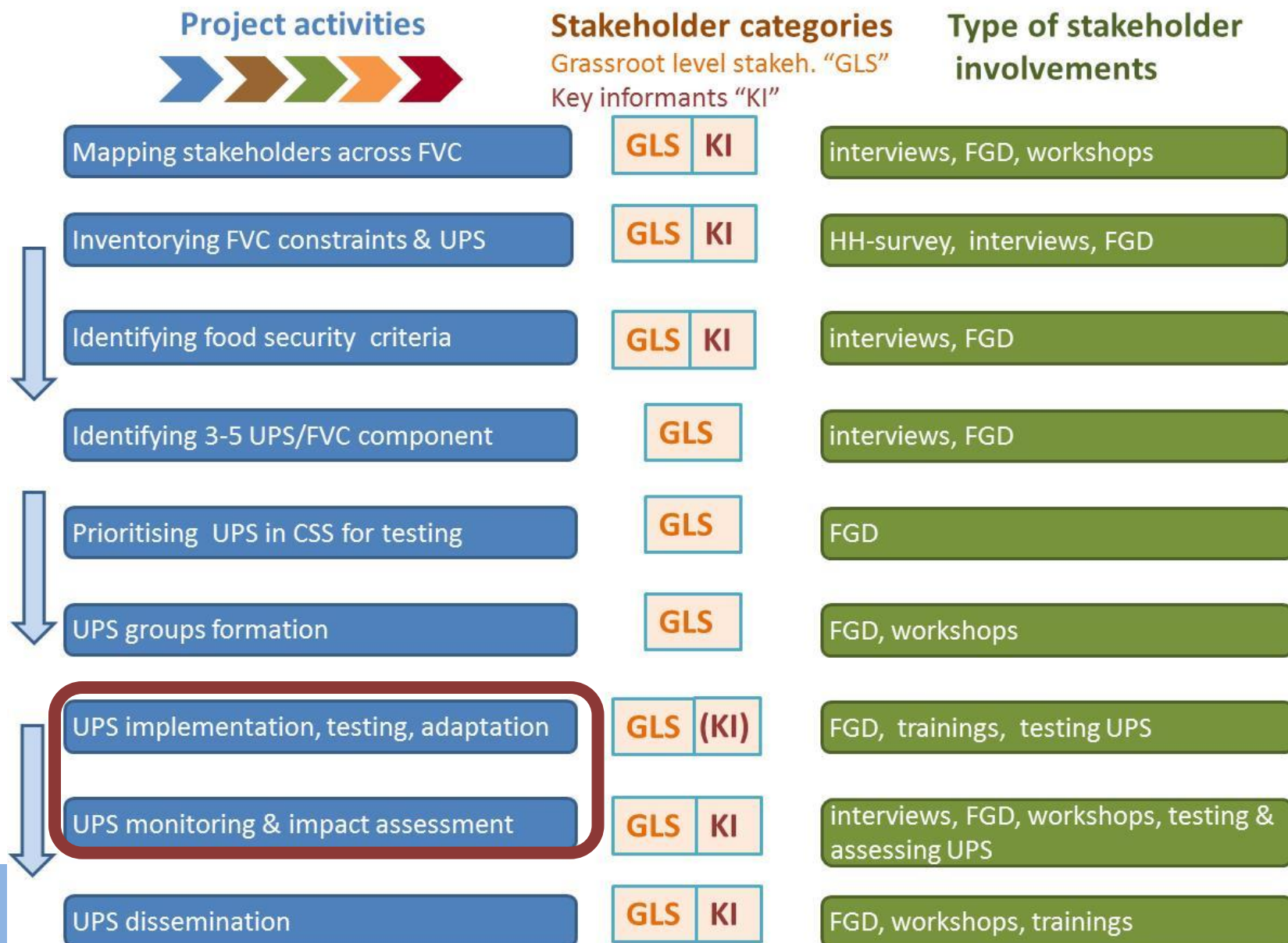
- Farmers (and pastoralists)
- Processors, millers, stockiest
- Traders, middlemen, transporters
- Consumers

Activities:
Mapping
HH-survey,
interviews,
FGD, WS,
testing UPS,
assessing UPS
impact

2 Interested organisations, institutions (key informants)

- policy makers, extension officers, service providers
- NGOs, churches, ...

Trans-SEC stakeholder involvement



Selection of Upgrading Strategies



UPS	Ilakala	Changarawe	Iloilo	Idifu
1 Rainwater harvesting, Fertiliser micro-dosing & Optimised weeding	✓ (tied ridges)	✓ (tied ridges)	✓ (infiltration pits)	✓ (infiltration pits)
2 Byproducts for bioenergy	✓			
3 Improved processing	✓ (maize sheller)	✓ (maize sheller)	✓ (millet threshing)	✓ (millet threshing)
4 Improved wood supply			✓	
5 Improved stoves	✓ (training)	✓	✓ (training)	✓
6 New product development			✓ (sunflower oil pressing)	✓ (sunflower oil pressing)
7 Optimised market oriented storage	✓	✓ (training)	✓ (training)	✓ (training)
8 Poultry-crop integration		✓		
9 Market access system (m-IMAS)	✓	✓		
10 HH nutrition education & Kitchen garden training	✓	✓	✓	✓

Focal crops and FVC defined for testing



- Maize, sesame in Ilakala & Changarawe
- Millet, sunflower in Ilolo & Idifu
- other intercropped commodities
 - Maize (intercropped with pigeon pea),
 - Sesame (stand alone)
 - Millet, sunflower (both intercropped with groundnuts)
- other crops are also part of “processing, markets, consumption”

Trans-SEC upgrading strategies



Natural Resource Management/ Crop Production

1 Rainwater harvesting (RWH); fertiliser micro-dosing; optimised weeding:.



Post-harvest processing & biomass/energy supply

2 Byproducts for bioenergy: low-cost pyrolyser producing charcoal and used for cooking



3 Improved processing devices: mobile maize shelling machines and millet shelling machines



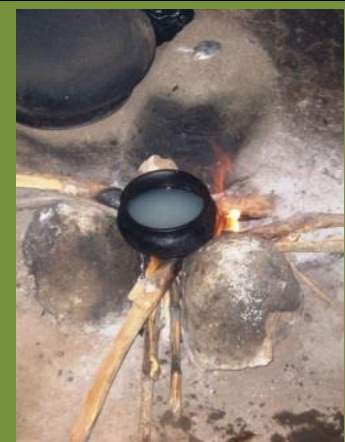
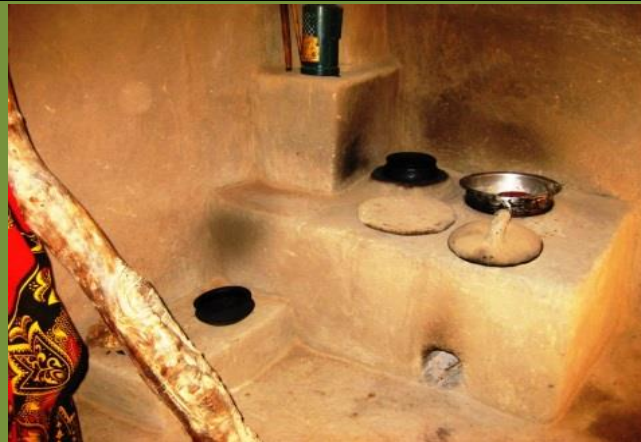
3 Improved processing devices: mobile maize shelling machines and millet shelling machines



4 Improved wood supply: tree planting in various niches



5 Improved stoves: small scale loam stoves reducing energy consumption



Trans-SEC upgrading strategies



Markets and income generation

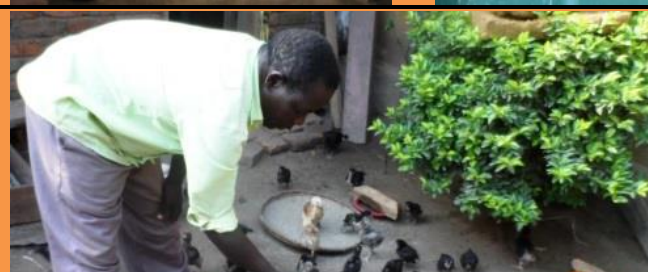
6 New product development: horizontal and vertical coordination of sunflower oil production, sunflower oil press



7 Optimised market oriented grain storage: using low cost IRRI airtight superbags



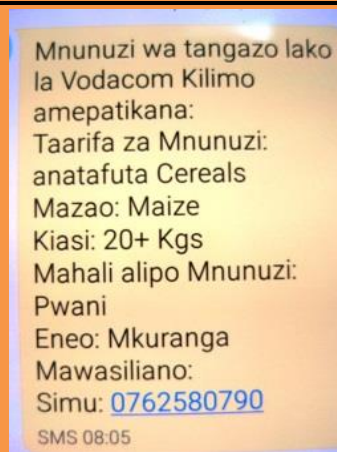
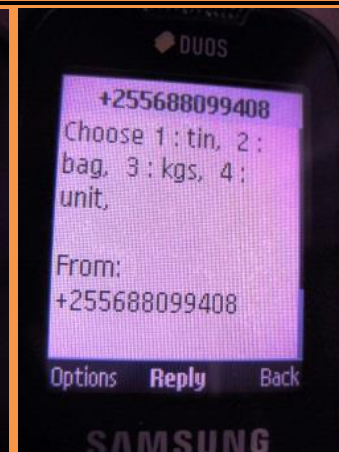
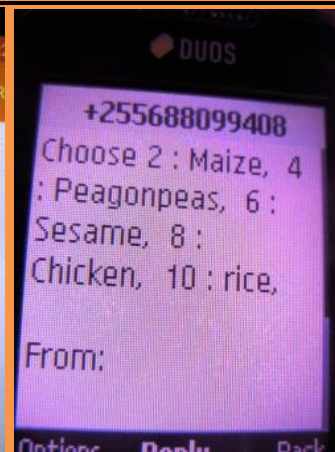
8 Poultry-crop integration: poultry keeping hutch, disease management, utilization of crop by-products in raising poultry, utilization of poultry manure



8 Poultry-crop integration: poultry keeping hut, disease management, utilization of crop by-products in raising poultry, utilization of poultry manure



9 Market information access system (m-IMAS): mobile phone based online market for farmers marketing their produce at better prices and for buyers.



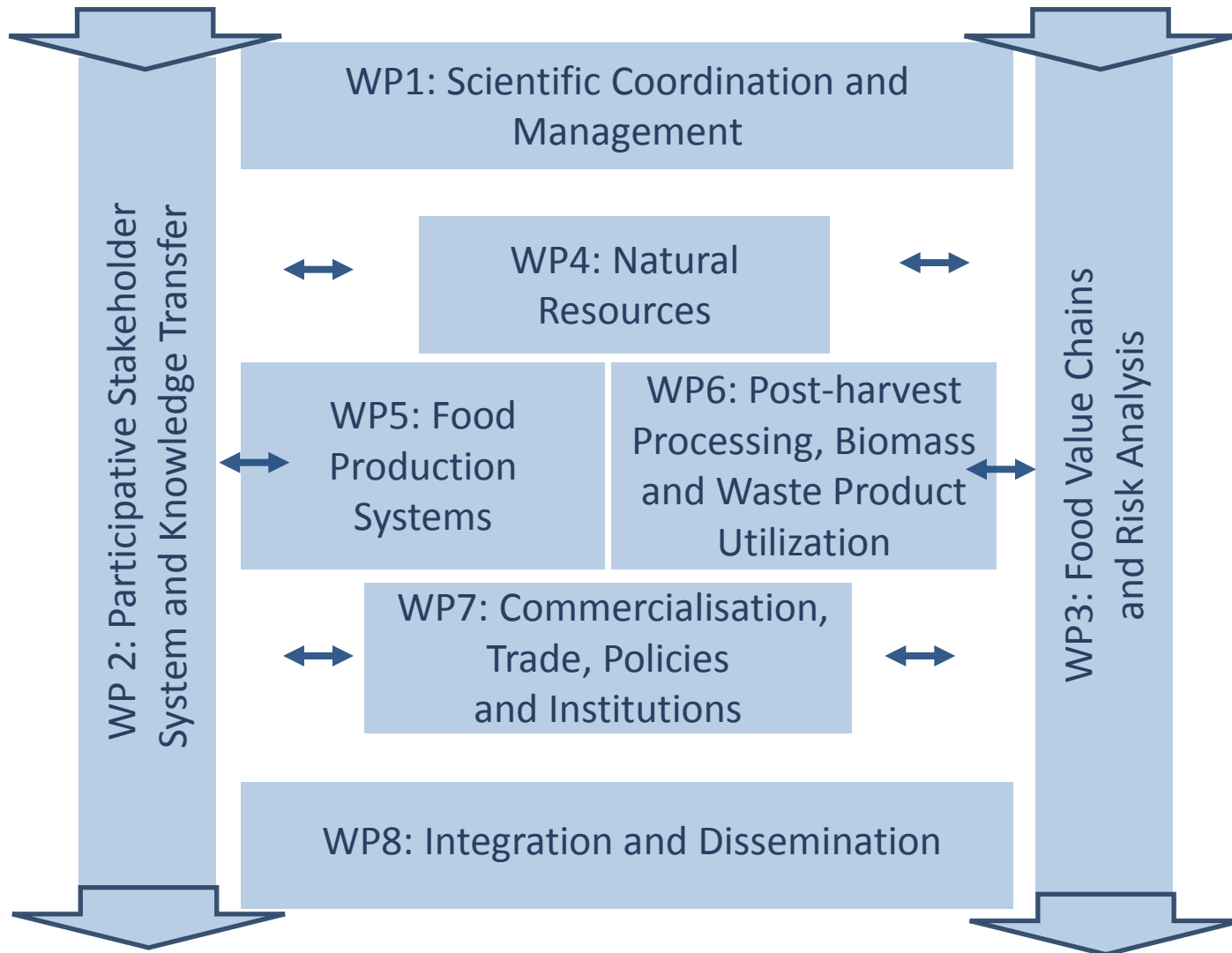
Consumption

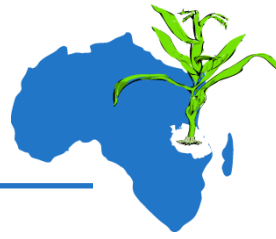
10 Household nutrition education: increase awareness of nutrient-rich including indigenous foods, Kitchen garden training: cultivating indigenous fruits and vegetables at the homestead for dietary diversification



<u>UPS</u>	<u>Ilakala</u>	<u>Changarawe</u>	<u>Ilolo</u>	<u>Idifu</u>	<u>UPS responsible</u>	<u>Local responsible for monitoring</u>
1 Rainwater harvesting & Fertiliser micro-dosing & Optimised weeding	✓	✓	✓	✓	Jörn Germer, Folkard Asch Frederick Kahimba, Ludger Herrmann E. Swai, Bashir M. +	Paul (Kilosa) Emanuel (Dodoma) Nuru Mgale (Dod.)
2 Byproducts for bioenergy (pyroliser for charcoal making)	✓				Valerian Silayo, Simon Munder, Sebastian Romuli	Obedi (Kilosa)
3 Improved processing	✓ maize sheller	✓ maize sheller	✓ millet thresher	✓ millet thresher	Valerian Silayo, Charles, Mwinuka, Claude, +	Bashir (Kilosa) Devotah (Dodoma) Felista (Dodoma)
4 Improved wood supply			✓		Götz Uckert Anthony Kimaro	Majige (Dodoma)
5 Improved stoves	✓	✓	✓	✓	Götz Uckert, Ogossi, +	Obedi (Kilosa) Majige (Dodoma)
6 New product development			✓ sunflower. oil pressing	✓ sunflower oil pressing	Charles, Mwinuka, Claude, Khamaldin Valerian Silayo, +	Devotah (Dodoma) Felista (Dodoma)
7 Optimised market oriented storage	✓	✓	✓	✓	Charles, Valerian, Khamaldin, Mwinuka, Claude, +	Rashidi (Kilosa) Devotah (Dodoma)
8 Poultry-crop integration		✓			Said Mbagi, Charles, Mwinuka, Claude, +	Phlorentin (Kilosa)
9 Market access system (m-IMAS)	✓	✓			Khamaldin, Claude, +	Bashir (Kilosa)
10 HH nutrition education & Kitchen garden training	✓	✓	✓	✓	Hadijah, Christine Lambert, Joyce Kinabo, +	Rashidi (Kilosa) Nuru Mgale (Dod.)

Work Package structure





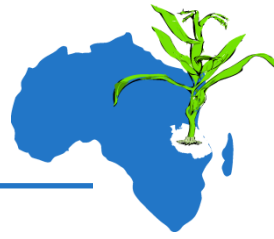
Focus groups and/or stakeholder workshops:

- a) Local village workshops
- b) Regional/national workshops

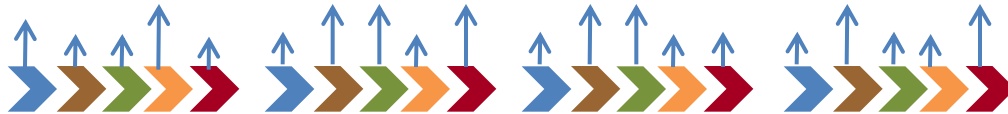


One big central HH survey, few specific HH surveys, and interviews





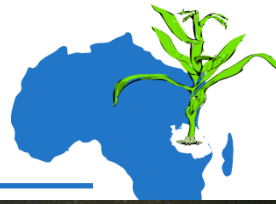
UPS field testing and specific monitoring (PhDs, ...)



Gender and/or socio-cultural issues, modeling, WebGIS development, impact assessments, ...



Recent achievements



- Implementation of all UPS ongoing
- Participatory business plans for UPS requiring higher investments (SUA)
 - Innovation funds for 4 UPS (MVIWATA, ACT, TFC)
- ScalA-FS ex-ante impact assessment completed



Recent achievements



- 2nd UPS groups monitoring mission by MVIWATA + ARI July/August
- Detailed monitoring of UPS testing (PhD, MSc) continues, but still to be specified
- 2nd Impact assessment mission 22nd August – 9th Sept





- Roles and activities better defined
- All NGOs & ARI revisit stakeholder mapping



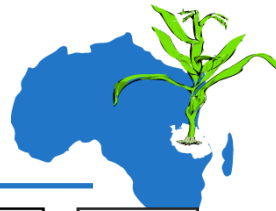
- TFC/ACT : Regional and national WS (by mid-October),
- MVIWATA/ARI: District level WS (by mid-October)

Aim: Informing on FVC UPS, “why are we here, what do we learn,” find collaboration strategies such a business, roles and benefits of actors, challenges we are meeting, visions of future developments, linking



- national policy hub on FVC
 - What is the use of this extra hub: Owning the process!
 - Concept : bring together national and grassroot stakeholders (ministries, enterprises, PPP, NGOs, ...);
 - feedback by Trans-SEC partners to be integrated by the AGM
 - launching is expected together with the national stakeholder meeting
- Can it be mainstreamed or institutionalised so that it will become sustainable?
 - Tanzanian-German-R&D&I network

Impact assessment framework

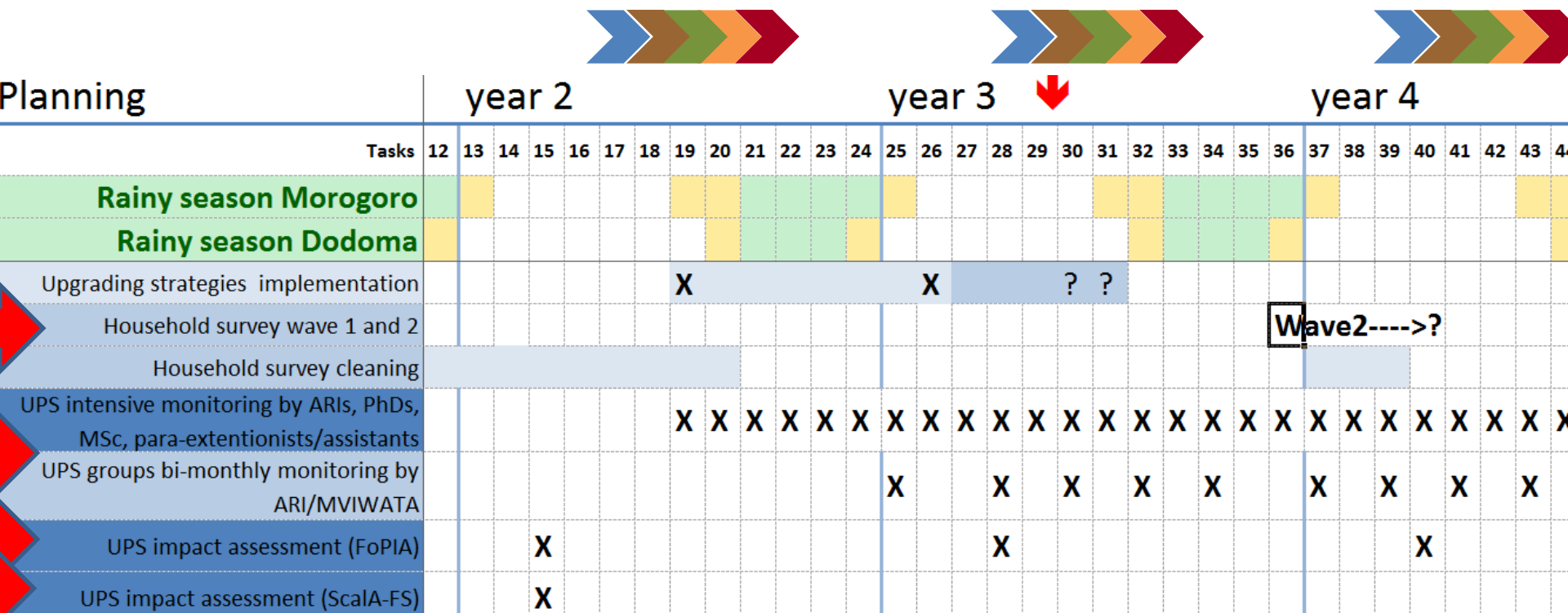


Upscaling

- Local CSS stakeholders & other villages (farmer visits and FGDs)
- District and regional experts (regional workshops and FGDs)
- National experts (national workshop)
- Scenarios & modelling (PIK, IFPRI, ZALF) across scales

Evaluating impact of UPS on Food Security

UPS monitoring & assessment



→ File: [TransSEC-Milestones-Deliverables2.xls](#)



& ARIs: bimonthly monitoring missions

UPS groups specific monitoring indicators

- 1. Group organisation and management**
- 2. Gender consideration**
- 3. UPS implementation status**
- 4. UPS technical and socio-economic monitoring indicators**



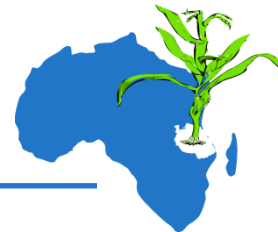
ARIs & PhDs & MSc & field assistants

- weekly monitoring visits by ARIs in each CSS
- monthly intensive 6 day monitoring missions in both CSS (3 days per CSS)

HH specific & detailed UPS monitoring indicators

- 1. General**
- 2. technical indicators**
- 3. socio-economic indicators**

Scientific papers published in Trans-SEC



- Graef, F., Sieber, S., et al., 2014. Framework for primary food security research in traditional food value chains, Global Food Security 02/2014. Elsevier.
- Graef F, Schneider I, Fasse A et al (2015) Assessing grading strategies to improve regional food security in Tanzania: Natural resource management and crop production. Outlook on Agriculture 44, No 3, 159-167.

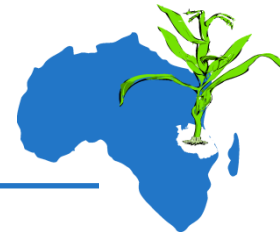
More targeted and coordinated approach towards paper outcome

- **Inform other colleagues about publication plans or data available**
- **Plan and write together!**
- **Scientific coordination to link between partners (now, and later-on with targeted short discussions)**

Status of Deliverables



→ File: [Status of Deliverables.docx](#)



Trans-SEC evaluation report



BMBF-funding-initiative¶

GlobE--Global-food-security¶



Status-report-interim-evaluation¶



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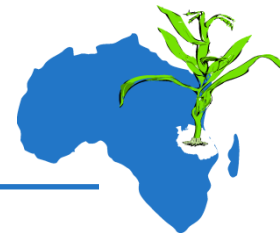
1.->General-information¶

Acronym:¶	Trans-SEC¶
Project-identification-number:¶	Contract-number: 031A249A¶
German-coordinator:¶	ZALF (Dr. Stefan Sieber, Dr. Frieder Graef)¶
African-coordinator:¶	Sokoine-University (Dr. Khamaldin D. Mutabazi, Prof. Dr. Siza Tumbo)¶
Period-of-report:¶	May-2013--September-2015¶



.....Seitenumbruch.....¶

Some activities & challenges to discuss



1) UPS & UPS groups
monitorings

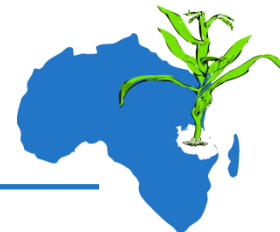
2) UPS implementation:
finalise - next weeks & months

Accumulated delay of 3-4
months

**Are we able to perform
all activities as we intend
to??**



Some activities & challenges to discuss



sunflower production



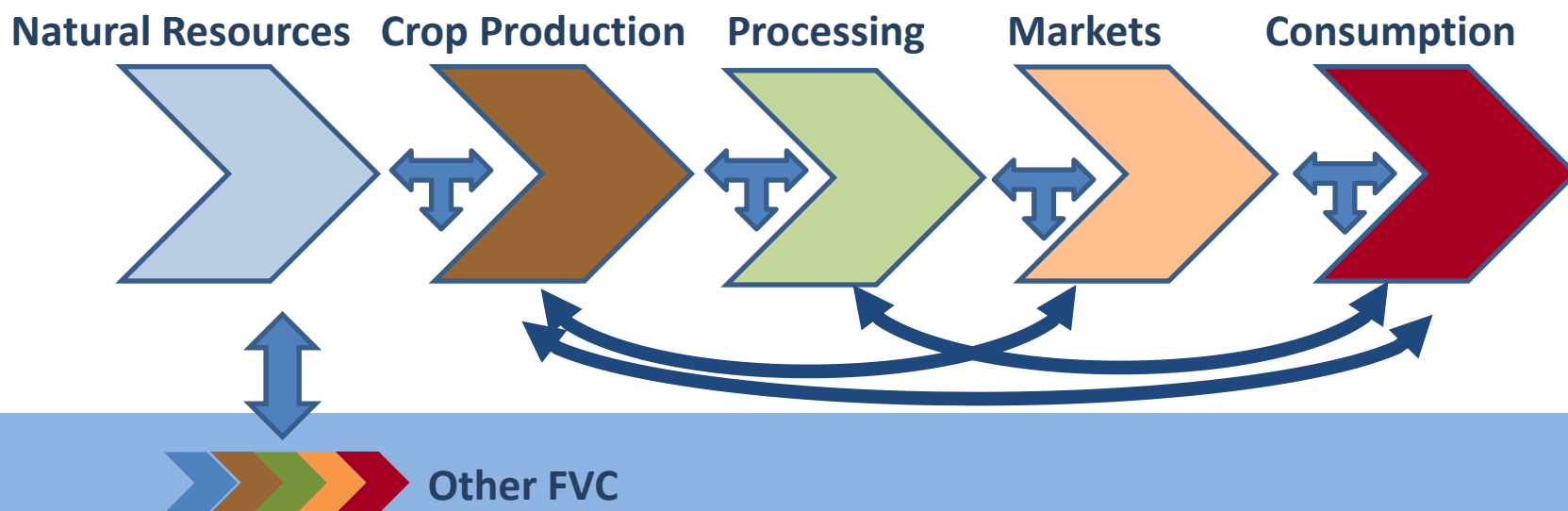
pressing regional/local market



nutrition training



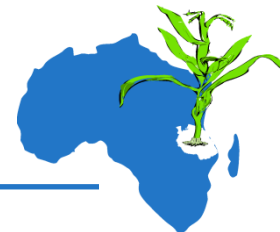
3) Interrelations of FVC components and FV webs





4) Communication

- **...between partner institutions**
- **...between persons**
- **...communication structures**
- **..communication technology**
- **...CPM**

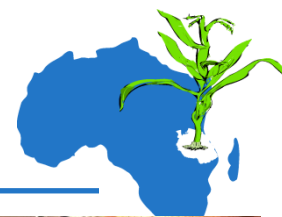


5) Policy briefs

Principle: presenting result findings & recommendations and requesting policy or implementation changes, indicating weaknesses of existing national policies

Possible Policy briefs to be checked for:

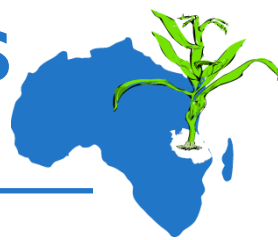
- a) TADB integration with FVC (WP7 makes first draft, then finalised together with ACT)
- b) Policy brief kitchen gardens ?
- c) Policy brief improved storage?
- d) improved stoves ?
- e) participatory farmers integration with access to credits, loans, capacity building,...?



Asante sana Thank You

Please give all PDFs and PPTs of AM to me





1. UPS design,
2. implementation approach,
3. Implementation status,
4. UPS monitoring indicators,
5. Monitoring

1 Rainwater harvesting & Fertiliser micro-dosing & Optimised weeding → Jörn Germer
Kahimba,

2 Byproducts for bioenergy (pyroliser for charcoal making) → Valerian Silayo, Yust
Munder,

3 Improved processing (maize sheller millet thresher) → Valerian Silayo, Charles, Mwi

4 Improved wood supply → Götz Uckert Anthony Kimaro

5 Improved stoves → Götz Uckert, Ogossi, +

6 New product development Charles, Mwinuka, Khamaldin

7 Optimised market oriented storage → Charles, Valerian, Khamaldin,

8 Poultry-crop integration → Said Mbaga, Phlorentin

9 Market access system (m-IMAS) → Khamaldin, Claude,

10 HH nutrition education & Kitchen garden training → Hadijah, Christine